



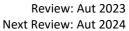
Early Career Teacher (ECT) Policy

For the Following Academies:

Holy Trinity C of E Primary School Connaught Junior School Crawley Ridge Infant School Crawley Ridge Junior School Windlesham Village Infant School

This Early Career Teacher (ECT) Policy was approved and adopted by the Trust Board: Aut: 2023

It will be reviewed: Aut 2024





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Statement of Intent

The Alliance Multi Academy Trust (TAMAT) recognises registering ECTs with the DfE and the appropriate body. We recognise that the successful appointment and induction of an early career teacher (ECT) strongly contributes to both the development of TAMAT and the ECT. ECTs bring new ideas and fresh approaches to teaching. In turn the school endeavours to develop and nurture a promising career.

The induction period for ECTs will:

- o Enable ECTs to build upon existing knowledge, skills and understanding.
- Assist ECTs to become full members of the teaching profession and provide a foundation for CPD.
- Enable ECTs to meet identified goals and complete their induction year to the required standard.
- o Be systematic, fair, and rigorous in the assessment of ECT professional practice.
- o Provide support to ECTs failing to make satisfactory progress.

This policy has been established to ensure that the requirements listed above are met, that all parties benefit from arrangements, and that all staff members know their roles, responsibilities and expected practice.

Review: Aut 2023 Next Review: Aut 2024



1. Legal Framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to the following:

- o DfE (2021) 'Induction for Early Career Teachers (England)'
- o DfE (2021) 'Appropriate bodies guidance 'Induction and the Early Career Framework'
- O DfE (2019) 'Early Career Framework' (ECF)
- o DfE (2011) (latest terminology updated December 2021) Teachers' Standards
- o Education Act 2002
- The Education (Induction Arrangements for School Teachers (England) Regulations 2012 as amended
- o DfE (2021) School Teachers' Pay and Conditions document 2021 and guidance on schoolteachers' pay and conditions.

This Policy operates in conjunction with the following TAMAT Policies:

- Grievance Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct
- Behaviour Policy
- Disciplinary & Capability Policy
- Teachers Pay Policy
- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Safer Recruitment Policy

2. Roles and Responsibilities

ECTs are responsible for:

- o Providing evidence that they have QTS and are eligible to start their induction.
- Meeting with their induction tutor to agree on priorities for their programme and review these at regular intervals.
- Discussing and agreeing with their induction tutor on how best to use their reduced timetable allowance to guarantee engagement with the ECT induction.
- Participate fully in the agreed monitoring and development programmes.
- o Providing evidence of their progress against the Teachers' Standards.
- Raising any concerns that they have with their induction tutor as soon as practicable.
- Consulting their appropriate body named contact at an early stage if there are difficulties with resolving issues with the tutor or the school.
- Keeping track and participating in the scheduled classroom observations, progress reviews, and formal assessment meetings.
- Agreeing on the start and end dates of the induction period, including any absences, with their induction tutor.
- Retaining copies of all assessment reports.



The Headteacher is responsible for:

- Monitoring, supporting, and assessing the ECT throughout their induction in conjunction with the appropriate body.
- Ensuring that the ECT has been awarded QTS prior to undertaking induction at the school.
- Clarifying whether the ECT needs to serve an induction period or is exempt from it.
- o Informing the appropriate body of when an ECT is taking up a post in which they will be undertaking induction.
- o Ensuring the requirements of a suitable post for induction are met.
- Agreeing with the ECT on which body will act as the appropriate body, in advance of the ECT starting the induction programme.
- Making sure the induction tutor has received suitable training and has the time to carry out the role effectively.
- Ensuring that a personalised ECF based induction programme is in place.
- Ensuring that the progress of the ECT is reviewed regularly via termly assessments, observations, and feedback of their teaching.
- Making sure that completed reports are sent to the appropriate body for review.
- o Retaining accurate records of employment that will count toward the induction period.
- Ensuring that all monitoring and record-keeping regarding induction at the school is completed in a manner that is streamlined and reduces burdens for all involved.
- o Informing the Local Academy Board about arrangements put in place to support the EC'Ts who are undergoing induction.
- Making a recommendation to the appropriate body on whether the ECT's performance against Teachers' Standards is satisfactory or requires an extension.
- o Participating in the appropriate body's quality assurance process.
- o Ensuring the school retains all relevant documentation and evidence on file for six years.
- Ensuring that a teacher who does not satisfactorily complete an induction period is eligible to carry out short term supply work.
- Ensuring the ECT is provided with the Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy, Behaviour Policy, and Staff Code of Conduct.
- o Ensure the ECT knows the identity and role of the DSL and any deputies.
- Ensure the ECT knows the school's response to children who go missing from education.
- Ensuring the ECT posts and responsibilities comply with the schools specific requirements for ECT induction.

• Ensuring that, under certain circumstances, the following steps are undertaken:

- a. Obtaining interim assessments from the ECT's previous post
- b. Acting early to alert the appropriate body when an ECT may not be completing induction satisfactorily
- c. Ensuring an ECT who may not be performing against Teachers' Standards is observed by a third party
- d. Notifying the appropriate body if an ECT is absent for a total of 30 days or more
- e. Regularly informing the Local Academy Board about the induction procedures of the school

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- f. Discussing with the appropriate body in exceptional cases where it may be appropriate to reduce the length of the ECT's induction period e.g. where it is deemed the induction period has been satisfactorily completed
- g. Providing interim assessment reports for staff moving in between formal assessment period
- h. Informing the appropriate body when an ECT serving induction leaves the school
- i. Ensuring the ECTs post, and responsibilities comply with the Trust specific requirements of ECT induction

Induction Tutors are responsible for:

- o Coordinating, guiding, and supporting ECT's professional development
- Reviewing ECT's progress regularly during the induction period
- o Undertaking two formal assessment meetings over the induction period
- Coordinating input from other staff if required
- o Carrying out progress reviews in terms where a formal assessment does not occur
- o Informing E'Ts following progress reviews of the determination of their progress against the Teachers' Standards
- Sharing progress review records with the ECTs, the Headteacher, and appropriate body
- o Informing ECTs of the judgements to be recorded in the formal assessment record and inviting ECTs to give their comments
- Observing the teaching of ECTs and providing feedback
- Letting ECTs know how they may raise concerns about their induction programme and personal progress both inside and outside the school
- Taking prompt, appropriate action if ECTs are facing difficulties
- Ensuring all monitoring and record-keeping is completed in a manner which is streamlined and reduces burdens, including ensuring all evidence requested from ECTs draws on existing or working documents

Mentors are responsible for:

- Regularly meeting with the ECT for structured sessions to provide effective, targeted feedback
- Working in collaboration with the ECT and other staff members involved in the ECT's induction to help ensure the ECT receives a high-quality induction programme based on the ECF
- Providing or coordinating effective support for the ECT, including phase or subject specific mentoring
- Taking prompt, appropriate action if the ECT is facing difficulties

Appropriate bodies have a quality assurance role and are responsible for:

- Ensuring the Headteacher and Local Academy Board are aware of their responsibilities and can meet those responsibilities regarding monitoring, support, and assessment. This includes making sure each ECT receives a personalised induction programme, designated tutor, and reduced timetable
- Ensuring procedures are in place regarding support, monitoring, assessment, and guidance and these are as fair as possible
- Maintaining full responsibility for their regulatory duties, and not delegating these





- Consulting with the Headteacher on the nature and extent of the quality assurance procedures in school
- Ensuring the Headteacher has implemented a programme which is clearly based on the ECF
- Taking action to address areas that require further development and support, where an ECT is facing difficulties
- o Ensuring induction tutors have the ability and time to carry out their role effectively
- Contacting a school when their responsibilities are not being fulfilled
- o Ensuring the Headteacher has confirmed that the award of QTS has been made
- Ensuring the school is providing a reduced timetable in addition to planning, preparation, and assessment (PPA) time
- Ensuring ECTs are provided with a named contact within the appropriate body to raise concerns if they have any
- o Ensuring records and assessment reports of ECTs are maintained
- Ensuring an agreement is reached with the Headteacher and ECT to determine where a reduced induction period may be appropriate
- Ensuring a final decision is made on whether the ECT's performance is satisfactory against the Teachers' Standards
- Ensuring they provide the Teaching Regulation Agency (TRA) with information on ECTs who
 have started, completed, or left partway through an induction period, or require an
 extension, as well as details of the type of induction the ECT is undertaking
- Ensuring they respond to requests from schools and colleges for support and guidance about the ECT's induction programme
- Responding to requests for assistance and advice with training for induction tutors
- Providing the Headteacher with information on the types of induction available
- Ensuring all monitoring and record-keeping is completed in a manner which is streamlined and reduces burdens, including ensuring all evidence requested from ECTs draws on existing or working documents

The Local Academy Board and Trust Board is responsible for:

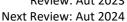
- Ensuring staff and the school are compliant with this Policy and relevant guidance
- Ensuring the school has capacity to support the ECT
- o Ensuring the Headteacher is fulfilling their responsibilities
- o Investigating concerns raised by an ECT as part of the Trust Grievance Policy
- Asking for advice from the appropriate body on the school's induction procedures and the responsibilities of staff involved in the process
- o Requesting general reports from the induction tutors on the progress of the ECT

3. Statutory Induction

The Statutory induction of an ECT is the bridge between ITT and a career in teaching. The school will support the ECTs in demonstrating that their performance against relevant standards is satisfactory and equip them with the tools to be a successful teacher.

The Teachers' Standards will be used to assess an ECT's performance during their induction period. These standards will be considered against what can be reasonably expected of the ECT within their work context. All judgments will reflect the expectation that the ECT has effectively consolidated their ITT and demonstrated their ability to meet the relevant standards consistently over a sustained period. The ECF will not be used as an assessment tool.







ECTs serving induction on a full-time basis are required to complete a required period of two academic years unless they are subject to an official and agreed reduction or extension to this period in some circumstances. ECTs serving induction on a part-time basis are required to serve the full-time equivalent of two full academic years.

Short-term supply teaching of less than one term will not count towards an ECT's induction, as the timeframe is too short to enable them to demonstrate performance against relevant standards. If a supply term is extended, the school will not backdate the induction, but will begin the induction upon extension.

Where an ECT is judged to have failed to meet the Teachers Standards at the end of their induction period, they will not be permitted to repeat induction. They will, however, have the opportunity to appeal against the decision.

Eligibility

To determine eligibility, the Headteacher will carry out pre-employment checks on the ECT before the ECT takes up post – these will be verified by the appropriate body. These pre-employment checks will include determining the ECT holds QTS. The Headteacher and appropriate body will check with the TRA that the ECT holds QTS prior to induction beginning.

If the ECT holds QTS but has already completed a period of induction which resulted in a judgement of failing to meet the Teachers Standards, they will not be eligible to undertake statutory induction at the school. The Headteacher will confirm whether this is the case by consulting the TRA.

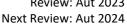
The school will not refuse an induction post to an ECT whose QTS was obtained several years ago, although ECTs are encouraged to undertake induction as soon as possible after gaining QTS, there are no barriers to them undertaking induction later.

Teachers who completed their ITT between 1 May 2000 and 30 April 2001 (known as Cohort 1 teachers) are also required to pass the QTS Numeracy Skills test before completing an induction.

Suitable Posts

The Headteacher and appropriate body will first agree on the suitability of a post for induction, guided by the following considerations. The post will:

- Have a Headteacher who can make a recommendation about whether the ECT's performance against the Teachers Standards is satisfactory
- Have an agreement with an appropriate body to quality-assure the process
- Provide the ECT with the tasks, experience, and support needed to enable them to demonstrate satisfactory performance against the Teachers Standards
- Ensure the appointment of an induction tutor who holds QTS and has relevant knowledge and experience
- Provide the ECT with a reduced timetable to enable them to undertake the activities involved in their induction programme





- o Not make unreasonable demands upon the ECT
- Not normally demand teaching outside the phase or subject (s) for which the ECT has been employed to teach
- Not present on a day- to -day basis, the ECT with unreasonably demanding discipline problems
- o Involve the ECT regularly teaching the same classes
- Involve planning, teaching, and assessment processes like those in which other teachers working in similar posts are engaged
- Not involve non-teaching responsibilities without the provision of appropriate preparation and support

The Local Academy Board will be satisfied that the school has the capacity to support the ECT in the role and that the Headteacher is fulfilling their responsibilities.

The school will recognise that if it enters special measures following an Ofsted inspection, it will not be permitted to offer induction to ECTs, unless given special permission to do so by an Ofsted Inspector. The appropriate body will also need to be satisfied that such circumstance would not unfairly compromise the ECT's ability to successfully complete their induction.

Beginning Induction

Once an ECT has been appointed to a suitable post, the Headteacher will notify the TRA in advance of the ECT taking up the post. Upon registration, the ECT will be provided with a named contact to who they may raise any concerns about the induction programme.

The start date for the ECT's induction will be determined by the appropriate body, who will agree this date with the Headteacher and the ECT in advance. This start date will be the date the ECT's induction programme formally begins, which may be a different date from when the ECT's contract with the school begins.

The length of the induction period will also be determined prior to induction commencing. ECTs are required to serve (part-time or full-time) the full-time equivalent to two academic years of induction. Where an ECT is completing their induction on a part-time basis, the school and the appropriate body will liaise to decide the length of the induction period required for each individual case – this will always be fair and consider the ECT's working pattern. Where an ECT is completing their induction across more than one school, the appropriate body will make the final decision about how the ECT will meet the equivalent of two years' work.

The school will not commence the ECT's induction until an appropriate body has been agreed. The Headteacher will ensure that the appropriate body with whom an agreement is reached matches the criteria for organisations that can act as an appropriate body. When forming an agreement with an appropriate body, the appropriate body and Headteacher will agree any reasonable charges the appropriate body may make to the school for their service.



The Headteacher will ensure the ECT is provided with a reduced timetable for their course of induction. This will amount to teaching:

- o In the first year (terms 1-3), no more than 90% of the timetable of the school's existing teachers on main pay range.
- o In the second year (terms 4-6) no more than 95% of the timetable of the school's existing teachers on main pay range.

These reductions will operate in addition to the timetable reduction related to PPA time.

Mentoring and Support

ECTs will be provided with a designated mentor to support them trough their induction period, usually a relevant member of the schools teaching staff. The individual who becomes the ECT's mentor will be identified by the Headteacher. The mentor will hold QTS and hold the necessary knowledge, experience, and time available to carry out the role effectively.

The role of the mentor will be a different person to the induction tutor where possible. Where this is not possible, the Headteacher can decide to designate a single individual to hold both roles, which may be the Headteacher themselves in exceptional circumstances. Where this is the case, the Headteacher will ensure the individual understands that they are fulfilling two discreet roles and will ensure that the mentoring support offered is kept separate to any assessment of the ECT against Teachers Standards.

Mentors are provided for ECTs in a supportive and advisory capacity only, mentors will not carry out formal assessments of ECTs (unless the mentor is the same individual as the induction tutor). Mentors will hold regular one-to-one sessions with ECTs to discuss how the ECT's induction is going, including offering advice and providing an opportunity for the ECT to ask questions or raise any issues.

Monitoring and Assessment

ECTs will also be provided with an induction tutor who will provide regular monitoring and support along with coordination of assessment. The induction tutor will be identified by the Headteacher. This person will hold QTS and will have the necessary skills, knowledge, and time available to effectively work in this role. The role of the induction tutor will be held by a separate individual to the individual performing the role of the mentor where at all possible, as outlined above. In exceptional circumstances it may be appropriate for the Headteacher themselves to perform the role of the induction tutor.

The main responsibilities of the induction tutor will be to make rigorous and fair judgements about the ECT's progress against Teachers Standards and to recognise when early action is required to support an ECT who is experiencing difficulties. ECTs will be informed that they should raise any concerns about their induction with their induction tutor in the first instance. If the matter is not resolved, the ECT will be informed that they can notify their named contact at the appropriate body, who will then investigate the issue raised.



Termly observations of the ECT's lessons will be conducted, usually by the induction tutor. Post-observation review meetings will be arranged in advance of an observation taking place. Following an observation, the ECT and the observer (induction tutor) will meet to review the teaching observed. All feedback provided by the induction tutor will be prompt and constructive. The induction tutor will make a brief written record of the feedback discussed in the meeting which will clearly indicate where any development needs have been identified from the observation.

ECTs will receive progress reviews against the Teachers Standards, conducted by their induction tutors, in each term of their induction where a formal assessment is not scheduled. Progress reviews will not require ECTs to produce any new evidence specifically to inform the review; all progress reviews will draw on existing evidence of ECT's teaching. ECTs may be asked to provide copies of existing evidence to the induction tutor to help inform the review. A written record of each progress review will be retained by the school and a copy will be provided to the ECT. The record will include:

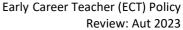
- Whether the induction tutor believes the ECT is on track to successfully complete their induction
- A brief summary of the evidence collected by the induction tutor
- The agreed development targets for the ECT
- A review of the ECT's objectives in relation to the Teachers Standards and the ECT's own individual strengths and needs

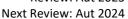
The induction tutor will update the Headteacher on the ECT's progress after each progress review. The induction tutor will also notify the appropriate body whether the ECT is making satisfactory progress towards successfully completing their induction. Where the induction tutor believes the ECT is not making satisfactory progress the induction tutor will also outline to the Headteacher and appropriate body the plan they have put in place to support the ECT.

The ECT will be clearly informed of the outcome of their progress review, to ensure that their formal assessments present no unexpected results to the ECT.

ECTs will be formally assessed in the final term of the first year of their induction and again in the final term of the second year of their induction. The exact dates of these assessments will be agreed by the Headteacher and ECT in advance. Formal assessments will be carried out by the Headteacher or induction tutor only.

All evidence used for formal assessments will be drawn from the ECT's teaching work during their induction. In order to reduce the potential burden of evidence collection, the evidence used will largely come from that collected during progress reviews and will consist of existing or working documents. ECTs will not be required to create anything new for a formal assessment. Any evidence used during a formal assessment will be clear and transparent, copies of all evidence used will be provided by both the ECT and the appropriate body. As a result, the school aims for all formal assessments to work in combination with the regular progress reviews, where possible the ECT should not find any unexpected results from a formal assessment.







The individual undertaking a formal assessment will produce a report following the assessment. This report will make clear how the ECT has been assessed against the Teachers Standards. Once the report has been completed, the Headteacher will hold an assessment meeting with the ECT, where the ECT will be able to add their comments to the report. The report will be signed by the induction tutor, Headteacher, and ECT. The ECT will be given the original report with a copy sent to the appropriate body. For the final assessment report, the Headteacher will record their recommendation to the appropriate body of whether the ECT performance throughout their induction has satisfactorily demonstrated their competence against the Teachers Standards. For the final assessment the Headteacher will ensure a copy of the report is sent to the appropriate body within 10 working days of the final assessment meeting.

Where an ECT decides to leave their position at the school after completing one term or more, the induction tutor will complete an interim assessment before the ECT leaves the school.

Completing Induction

ECTs will have completed their induction period when they have served:

- o The full-time equivalent to two standard academic years (usually six terms); or
- A reduced period of a minimum of one term (as agreed with the appropriated body) based on previous teaching experience or
- A reduced period for part-time ECTs covering but not equivalent to two academic years (as agreed with the appropriate body) or
- o An extended period because of absences occurring during the period or
- An extension following a decision by the appropriate body or the appeals body

ECTs are still able to progress both their career and pay grade during and after the two-year induction period and are not adversely impacted by this. The extension to a two-year induction period will not prevent the school from awarding pay progression to ECTs at the end of their first year.

The appropriate body will make the final decision whether an ECT's performance against Teachers Standards has been satisfactory and considering the recommendation of the Headteacher. The appropriate body will decide within 20 working days of receiving the Headteachers recommendation. They will send written notification within three working days of reaching the decision to the ECT and the Headteacher.

If the decision is made to extend the period of induction, the ECT will be informed of their right to appeal against this decision and provided the name and address of the TRA. Any appeal will be notified within 20 working days, or the appeal will be deemed to have expired.

Where an ECT fails induction and gives notice that they do not intend to exercise their right to appeal, or when the time limit for appeal expires, the school will dismiss the ECT within 10 working days.

If the appeal is heard but not upheld, the school will dismiss the ECT within 10 days of receiving the outcome of the hearing. The ECT's name will then be held on the list of persons who have failed to satisfactorily complete an induction period by the TRA.



4. Record Keeping

All records regarding the ECT will be kept in accordance with the Trust Data Destruction Policy.

Assessment forms will be signed by the Headteacher and submitted to the appropriate body in a timely manner. Assessment forms will be completed at the end of each formal assessment period, stating the date an ECT's employment began, how much of the period has been completed, and any changes in work patterns and absences. Assessment reports will be retained for six years, as recommended by the DfE. ECTs will be advised by the school to retain the original copies of the assessment reports.

The TRA keeps records of all submitted appeals and will be contacted as needed. The school will consult the Employer Access Online Service for records of individuals who have passed or failed their induction.

Where an ECT has already completed part of their period of induction in another school, the Headteacher will consult the ECT's previous appropriate body to obtain copies of any progress review records or assessment reports, including interim reports. The Headteacher will therefore establish how much required induction time remains for the ECT. The Headteacher will also alert the ECTs new appropriate body of any concerns that were raised about the ECTs progress by previous employers, as necessary.

5. Confidentiality

The school will work with the appropriate body and the TRA to ensure that effective arrangements are in place to facilitate the protection and secure transfer of data related to ECT inductions.

The induction process and assessments will not be shared with others involved in the process and will be treated as confidential.

All ECTs will be made aware of who has been granted access to assessments. The Local Academy Board can request termly reports on the progress of an ECT but cannot automatically have access to this information. The only exception is when an ECT has a concern about an assessment, which would require the Local Academy Board access to the assessment forms to review the situation.

6. Special Circumstances

To recognise experience of ECTs who already have significant experience teaching whole classes and working to the Teachers Standards appropriate bodies have discretion to reduce the length of the induction period to a minimum of one term; however, the ECT can still serve a full term if they wish. The appropriate body also has discretion to reduce the prescribed induction period to a minimum of one term. When considering reducing an induction period, the appropriate body will consider advice from the Headteacher and ensure the ECT agrees with the decision.

If an ECT is absent for a period of 30 days or more, the induction period will be extended by the aggregate of total days absent.

ECTs who take statutory maternity leave, statutory paternity leave, statutory adoption leave, shared parental leave or parental bereavement leave during their induction period may decide whether their induction should be extended accordingly to meet this purpose. Any outstanding assessments will not be made until the ECT returns to work and has the opportunity to decide whether or not to extend the induction. If an ECT chooses to extend their induction in these circumstances, the request will be granted.



If an ECT chooses not to extend the induction period, their performance will be assessed against the relevant standards.

The appropriate body has the option to extend the period after induction has been completed where it would be unreasonable to expect the ECT to have demonstrated satisfactory performance. Reasons for this may include illness, personal crisis, disability, a lack of support during induction, etc.

In circumstances where records have been lost due to an error or data loss which Is through no fault of the teacher concerned, the appropriate body has the discretion to decide if the ECT can be exempt from induction. The appropriate body will ensure that every avenue has been explored to recover the missing data or identify an audit trail before making such a decision. In reaching its decision, the appropriate body will consider the strength of evidence that an error has occurred or that records are missing or lost.

The appropriate body will also account for any evidence that the teacher has demonstrated they have performed satisfactorily against the relevant standards on the basis of evidence from the teacher's previous performance management reviews, and where appropriate the most recent performance management review statements.

For ECTs completing induction in more than one school simultaneously:

- The separate contracts are added together to calculate the number of days of the induction period, each contract must meet the minimum period criteria
- One Headteacher acts as the lead and will fulfil duties and responsibilities as outlined in this
 policy
- One appropriate body will also take the lead in making the decision and is also responsible for gathering evidence from other appropriate bodies who are involved in the process.

7. Unsatisfactory Progress and Appeals

Additional monitoring and support measures will be put in place when an ECT is not making satisfactory progress, such as holding meetings between the ECT and Headteacher, organising refresher training, and providing more guided supervision. The induction tutor will record unsatisfactory progress within progress review records and clearly outline the support plan in place. The induction tutor will notify the appropriate body of this determination and will share the support plan to be reviewed. The appropriate body and the Headteacher will be satisfied that:

Areas of support have been correctly identified

Appropriate objectives have been set to guide the ECT to perform against the relevant standards An effective support programme is in place to help the ECT improve performance.

When there are still concerns about the ECT's progress following intervention, the Headteacher will explain to the ECT the consequences of failure to complete the induction period satisfactorily, and discuss the following with them:

- Identified weaknesses
- Agreed objectives set to have them satisfactorily complete the induction to the required standards



- Details of additional support put in place
- o Evidence used to inform the judgement
- o Details of the improvement plan for the next assessment period

If there are serious capability issues, capability procedures may be instigated before the end of the induction, which may lead to dismissal. This does not prevent them from completing their induction at another school.

If the ECT has had their induction extended or has failed it, the appropriate body will inform the ECT of their right to appeal and the time limit for doing so.

8. Monitoring and Review

This policy will be reviewed annually by the Executive Team and forwarded to the Trust Board for approval.

Exemptions

The following lists where a qualified teacher may be employed by the school without having satisfactorily completed an induction period:

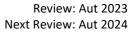
Exemption	Explanation
A person who was already a qualified teacher on 7 May 1999.	A teacher who gained QTS on or before 7 May 1999 (even if they did not take up their first post until after September 1999).
A person currently undertaking a period of induction.	A teacher who is serving their induction period in a permitted setting, including periods which have been extended (including those who have completed an induction period in England or Wales and are awaiting the decision of the appropriate body).
A person waiting for the outcome of an appeal having not performed satisfactorily against the relevant standards.	A teacher who is waiting for the outcome of an appeal against a decision that they have failed to perform satisfactorily against the relevant standards.
A person employed on a short-term supply basis, without undertaking induction.	A teacher who is employed as a short-term supply teacher (working periods of less than one term). This can only be done for five years after the date of award of QTS.
A person employed part-time as a supply teacher whilst also undertaking induction.	A teacher who is employed as a short-term supply teacher on a part-time basis but who is concurrently serving induction. Please note that the five-year limit (see above) does not apply to teachers in this situation.



Exemption	Explanation
A person who has satisfactorily completed induction, probation, or the equivalent in certain other countries.	The countries are Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland, Gibraltar, Jersey, Guernsey, Isle of Man, and Ministry of Defence (MoD) Schools in Germany or Cyprus (these are known as MoD Schools and were formally known as Service Children's Education (or SCE) Schools).
A person who trained in England, and then subsequently first worked as a teacher in Wales (before 2003).	A teacher who gained QTS in England on or after 7 May 1999 but before 1 April 2003, and who, subsequently, took up their first post in Wales and who has served at least two terms towards their induction.
	A teacher from the EEA who has applied
	successfully to the Teaching Regulation
A person from the European Economic Area	Agency, for QTS, or a teacher from the EEA
(EEA) (who falls within Part 2 and Chapters 1,	who has declared successfully to the
2 and 4 of Part 3 of the European Communities (Recognition of Professional Qualifications) Regulations 2015, including where the person is entitled to partial access to the profession of school teacher by virtue of Part 1 of those Regulations.	Teaching Regulation Agency, to work in
	England on a temporary basis, or teachers
	who have been granted partial access to
	the teaching profession in accordance with
	Part 1 of the European Union (Recognition
	of Professional Qualifications) Regulations
A person who became a qualified teacher by virtue of regulation 5 of, and paragraph 12 of Schedule 2 to, the 2003 Qualification Regulations, i.e. certain teachers who gained QTS whilst working in an independent school.	A teacher who has been judged by the TRA as meeting the specified QTS standards, whilst working in an independent school, where the ECT must have: • Been employed by an independent school before 1989; and • Gained a specified qualification before 1974 or 1989 (dependent upon the type of qualification); and • Been employed in an independent school at the time of recommendation, and the recommendation must have taken place prior to September 2004.



Exemption	Explanation
A qualified overseas-trained teacher from Australia, Canada, New Zealand, or the United States of America.	Teachers who have successfully completed a programme of professional training for teachers in Australia, Canada, New Zealand or the USA and who have successfully completed or satisfied any additional conditions required in order to be employed as a qualified teacher on a permanent basis in government-funded schools in that country; and who is not the subject of any decision or pending proceedings that may restrict that person's eligibility to teach in that country.
An overseas-trained teacher (OTT), from outside the EEA, who has gained QTS and was successfully assessed against the relevant standards as these would apply at the end of induction.	An overseas-trained teacher (from outside the EEA) with at least two years' experience, who has obtained QTS and who has been assessed against the relevant standards for the purposes of induction.
Scottish- or Northern Irish-trained teachers employed in England on or before 7 May 1999.	Teachers who trained in Scotland or Northern Ireland and who were employed as teachers in England before 7 May 1999.
A person who became a qualified teacher virtue of regulation 5 of, and paragraph 13 of Schedule 2 to, the 2003 Qualification Regulations, i.e. certain teachers who gained QTS whilst working in an FE school or as an instructor in a school.	A teacher who has been judged by the TRA as performing satisfactorily against the relevant standards, whilst working in a FE school or as an instructor in a school where the ECT must have: • Been employed by an FE school before 1989; and • Gained a specified qualification before 1974 or 1989 (dependent upon the type of qualification); and • Been employed in an FE school at the time of recommendation, and the recommendation must have taken place prior to September 2004.
A person who has been awarded qualified teacher learning and skills status: On or before 31 October 2014, by the Institute for Learning; or On or after 1 November 2014, by the Education and Training Foundation	Teachers who have been awarded Qualified Teacher in Learning and Skills (QTLS) Status by the Society for Education (SET) (formerly the Institute for Learning – IfL) and who hold active membership with the SET.





Exemption	Explanation
Completed a course of ITT in Wales before September 2003.	A teacher who completed a course of initial teacher training in Wales before September 2003.
 A person: a) Who has been informed in error by the General Teaching Council for England or the Secretary of State that they are exempt from the requirement to complete an induction period; or b) Who has satisfactorily completed an induction period but is unable to produce 	A teacher who has been informed in error by General Teaching Council for England or the Secretary of State that they do not need to complete an induction period; or a teacher who has completed induction but cannot produce the relevant verifying data, and the appropriate body is satisfied that the ECT meets the relevant standards.